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Oregon State Penitentiary reports

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Report of the Superintendent of the State Penitentiary, accompanied by report of Physician ... <1876>-1878

Biennial report of the Superintendent of Penitentiary of the State of Oregon, 1880-<1885>

LLMC 01-294t

BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

Superintendent of Penitentiary

OF THE

STATE OF OREGON.

ELEVENTH REGULAR SESSION—1880.

SALEM, OREGON:
W. P. KEADY, STATE PRINTER.
1880.

BIENNIAL REPORT.

To W. W. Thayer, Governor of Oregon:

In compliance with the law, I submit the subjoined report of the expenditures, earnings and condition of the State Penitentiary from November 1, 1878 to August 31, 1880, inclusive.

The legislative assembly at session of 1878, appropriated for all branches of service at the prison $52,780.00. Of this sum $5,760.09 was expended in the months of September and October of that year by ex-Superintendent B F. Burch, leaving $47,019.91 unexpended at the close of his term, October 31, 1878. Of this sum $30,905.05 has been expended for the two years, less two months, intervening from November 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880; leaving $16,114.86 of the appropriation unexpended. The various purposes for which this expenditure has been made will be found in subsequent pages of this report. The earnings of the prison during this period have been $15,002.06, leaving the expense of the prison, for two years lacking two months, over earnings, $15,902.99. Of these earnings $9,921.18 is the product of convict labor employed by contractors at fifty cents per day, $5,059.88 for keeping United States prisoners, and $21.00 for property sold. Of these earnings $9,923.36 have been collected and paid to the State Treasurer, $370.61 is due from the United States for keeping its prisoners, and will be paid in due course of auditing. $4,708,09 is due from contractors, early payment of which is promised; $260.48 of this sum is due from J. S. Coulter, who has made an assignment. I do not know what dividend will be paid, but probably the larger portion of this account will be lost by the State. The others are believed to be good. When we assumed charge of the prison, $799.41 was due to O. F. Dennis under a contract made by ex-Superintendent Burch for construction of workshop. Pursuant to said contract we furnished convict labor at fifty cents per day to Mr. Dennis to the amount of said sum. $464.13 was due upon a like contract of Mr. Burch with J. Stahley, which was likewise liquidated with convict labor. These amounts are not included in the above stated earnings of the prison. We have more workshops than we now have use for; the one erected by the Pacific Threshing Machine Company and O. F Dennis not having been used, except for a short time by Mr. Coulter, since the State finished paying for its construction.

It will be noticed that the receipts for keeping United States prisoners is an important item in the earnings of the prison. The law of the

State, pages 704 and 705 of the code, fixes the price of this service at eight dollars per week, and makes no provision for keeping them at a less rate. Complaint is made on the part of the United States that this rate is too high, and unless reduced, their prisoners are liable to be removed from this penitentiary. As the law now stands, if the United States authorities should direct their removal unless the price was reduced, authority is vested nowhere except in the legislature to make reduction.. The State can keep them at lower rates at a profit, and it would be advisable for the legislature to authorize this to be done in case it shall be required. The number of this class of prisoners now in the penitentiary is but five—less than the average number, I think, for the past ten years.

The large increase of prisoners has considerably increased the necessary expenses of the prison in the items of blankets, clothing and provisions, though, as the farm and garden now furnish much of the last item, the expense in that respect has not, for the last year, been proportionately increased. For the first year we were compelled to buy most of the food consumed at the prison. But the farm that year produced considerable wheat and all the vegetables, with the exception of about one hundred and fifty bushels of potatoes, we have consumed the past year; and the supply of vegetables raised this year promises to be ample for the year to come.

Considerable improvements have been made upon the farm and garden during our term, and they are believed to be in better condition than ever before. Nearly all the ground within the stockade has been put in a high state of cultivation, and devoted to the raising of garden vegetables. Upon the farm new fences have been built, ditches dug and fields improved. Some of the best land had been skimmed of its surface soil for making brick. . As much of this as possible has been manured and effort made for its reclamation, but with not very satisfactory results so far.

All the purchases for the prison have been paid for by warrants drawn upon the appropriation of the legislative assembly; convict labor or its proceeds not having been used therefor. The latter have all been paid into the treasury so far as collected. I understand the practice heretofore has been to use, in one form and another, more or less of the proceeds of this labor, and other earnings, in the support of the prison. Therefore no very exact comparison can be made between the cost of the prison in these and former years. Our tables cover only the amounts drawn from the State treasury, and take no account of any derived from convict labor and heretofore used in the conduct of the prison.

And our earnings include only cash paid into the State treasury, or dues from contractors for convict labor, which will be so paid in when collected, and balance due from the United States for keeping its

prisoners; and is exclusive of all work done by the convicts for the State, repairs and betterments made upon the prison buildings and grounds, and increase of personal property belonging to the State.

Increase of expense per capita should not be in proportion to increase of prisoners. Two hundred prisoners can be kept for a less sum per head than can one hundred; and three hundred for less than than two hundred, and so on. Thus, while as the inmates of the prison increase, the aggregate expense thereof will increase, but the cost per man will somewhat diminish.

Upon our taking charge of the prison many repairs were found necessary, hence our expenses show a considerable sum under this head. These and other repairs have been made from time to time as required, and the building kept in good order. The cost of this will be found under appropriate head.

The farm and garden have been cultivated by convict labor, under the direction of the wardens, and all improvements thereon have been so made. The convicts have supplied all fuel and lumber since it came under our direction. This has necessitated the employment of "trusties" outside of the prison. These trusties comprise those whose sentences are nearly expired, and, in some instances, others, who, for other reasons, it is thought can be trusted. They are necessarily given opportunity to escape, and the two successful escapes we have had have been from this class. The system is not a safe one, and yet the State cannot dispense with it without incurring a considerable expense for free labor. It would have been well if, in constructing the prison, a department had been made for trusties, from which they could have no communication with the other prisoners This would have prevented the danger, always existing, of the trusties conveying messages or matter out or in for their closer kept comrades. This is an evil and a menace of danger which no vigilance can wholly prevent.

The boilers used for warming the prison and workshops have been in use about twenty-five years, were originally in the old Willamette steamboat "Canemah," and are considered not quite safe. It is said the consumption of fuel in making steam with them is almost twice the quantity required in producing a like amount of heat with a tubular boiler. As we have procured all our wood with the convicts, this is not now an important consideration. But the State has heretofore purchased its wood, and likely will do so again, when the expense of a tubular boiler will soon be saved in fuel. I am informed that such a boiler as is needed will cost about eleven hundred dollars, placed in the prison. I regard it for the interest of the State to early purchase one, and think the legislative assembly would do well to make appropriation therefor at its present session.

We have not found employment for all the convicts, and more or less of them are at all times idle in the cells. We have worked all

practicable at the various employments about the prison and grounds, and furnished all that contractors could be found to take. If we could find employment for all the surplus convicts at fifty cents per day, the prison would pay considerably more than all its expenses. If thirty cents per day could be had for all such, its receipts would equal its expenses. Manufacturing at the prison, for some reason, has not been generally profitable to the contractors since its introduction there, and the meagerness of the sums paid into the treasury show that the State has derived no great benefit from it. There are three contractors now there, employing together some twenty-eight convicts at fifty-cents per day each, and with seemingly profitable results. J. H. Stahley employs ten at chair making; the Oregon Leather and Manufacturing Company employs six in the tannery, and Geo. Collins employs from nine to fourteen in making brick. These last are employed only when the weather will permit the making of brick, and their employment will cease altogether with the commencement of the rainy season. It is a hard country to manufacture in, and to that fact, and that the enterprises have not always been wisely entered upon, may be attributed the frequent failures.

The authority for leasing the convicts provides for the one price of fifty cents per day, which is construed to mean ten hours of labor. There are some whose labor is worth that to contractors, and some probably less. It might be well to make provision for the leasing of the labor of the more desirable convicts at the present price, and permit the balance, if a contract can be made for nearly all, to be leased at a lower figure, such as could be agreed upon by the warden and contractor, not less than a sum to be fixed by law. The workshops now in use are of wood, very combustible and liable any day to be burned. If such event shall occur, it would be well to rebuild of brick. When the present stockade requires rebuilding, which will probably be in from three to four years, it will be a matter of economy to replace it with a brick one inclosing less space and requiring fewer guards. If the State shall build other public buildings of brick, with honest and business like management, the brick can be manfactured with convict labor so as to effect a saving to the State.

The possible increase of prisoners during the next two years may make necessary more cells. All we now have are full. The most secure, and in the end cheapest mode of doing this will be to place another tier of iron cells above those now in the prison; and while doing it, it might be well to put a tier in each ward, making forty-four new iron cells. That is the number now there. These can be put in at a cost to the State very much less than that of the old ones. From correspondence with parties in San Francisco respecting the cost of such addition, I find that one tier of twenty-two cells can be erected for about ten thousand dollars, probably a trifle less; two tiers, or

forty-four cells, for twenty thousand dollars, or a fraction less. If the number of convicts shall increase during the next two years as they have during the past two, more cells will become an absolute necessity, and it can hardly be considered safe not to make provision for them at the coming session of the legislative assembly. If it were practicable to confine but one convict in a cell, it would add much to the discipline and security of the prison.

The salary of the second warden is seventy-five dollars per month. It is an arduous and hazardous place, one of the most important in the prison, and I think the salary ought to be increased to ninety or one hundred dollars per month.

Up to the commencement of the present quarter, the night guard inside the prison was paid forty dollars per month. At the end of the last quarter he gave notice that he could not longer remain for that pay, and as he was an excellent man for the place, and had had long experience in it, I have allowed him fifty dollars per month for the current quarter. I think his pay should not be less. This post is an important one, attended with more or less risk, and it is not easy to properly fill it.

I regard the office of Superintendent as an unnecessary one, except as Inspector or Commissioner, and I would recommend it be abolished and a board of inspectors substituted, to consist, say, of three members, with salary of two hundred dollars per year, each, which would be sufficient compensation. Massachusetts, with over two thousand convicts in its penitentiary, has such a board, with two hundred dollars per year salary. The Governor appoints one each year, in April, for a term of three years. If such a board were here appointed, one going out of office each year, it would prevent any sudden change in the management of the prison, an end always desirable to avoid. Or, perhaps, what would be as well—possibly better—until the State becomes larger, and its prisoners more numerous, the office of Superintendent might be continued, the salary, now eighteen hundred dollars per year, reduced to, say, five hundred dollars per year, and he left to perform the duties of inspector. That arrangement would present some advantages over a board of three. The responsibility being devolved upon one man, the public would know where to place it, and he could not escape it, whereas in the case of commissioners, it is not uncommon to shift responsibility when blame is attached.

The statute makes the Superintendent auditor of his own accounts. This ought not to be. And it is doubtful if the law making him such auditor is valid. The Constitution makes the Secretary of State "auditor of public accounts," and it is doubtful if the legislature has authority to constitute any other officer such auditor.

Our statute also provides for giving "merit marks" to convicts for good conduct, and each mark entitles the convict to curtailment of

time of imprisonment, and to fifty cents in money, to be paid to him out of the State Treasury at his discharge. I have construed this more strictly than some of my predecessors, and have not awarded merit marks for simply ordinary good conduct. That is expected and required of the prisoner, and I do not understand that it was intended by the law that he should be paid for it; in other words that he should be paid for not misbehaving. The money is usually of little use to the prisoner—is oftentimes an injury to him, being spent for whisky and prostitution before he leaves the town. He receives five dollars on his discharge by direct provision of the law, which is often more than he makes good use of. In California, I think, no "merit money" is paid and but three dollars given the prisoner on his discharge. In Massachusetts, I think, nothing is paid him. In Connecticut they formerly paid the convict ten dollars on his discharge but they found it to be an injury and cut it off. The State now appropriates a few hundred dollars to a benevolent association and they use the money in sending the discharged prisoner where they think it best for him to go, or in finding employment for him. Nothing is paid the convict. This is one of the best managed prisons in the country and has but few more inmates than ours. The warden of this prison, who has seen twelve years' service there and seven in the New Hampshire penitentiary testified as follows before the special commission authorized by the last legislature of that State:

"Q. You have a reward for good behavior?

A. Yes; there is a discount allowed of five days per month.

Q. What is the effect of that?

A. Generally, I think it has a very good effect; although in all prisons with which I have been connected such a discount has been allowed, and I cannot, therefore, speak from observation as to the effect of its absence.

Q. Are there any prisoners who get no commutation?

A. No; but some get very little.

Q. Are there many cases where the full discount is received?

A. Oh, yes; seventy-five per cent. get the full benefit.

Q. What conduct on the part of the prisoner would deprive him of his discount?

A. The disobeying any of the rules.

Q. For misconduct in any one month do you deduct any more than the five days?

A. Sometimes we do. Instead of flogging them for instance, I would deduct ten or even twenty days from their "good" time.

Q. Do the prisoners dread that deduction more than the ordinary punishment?

A. In some cases the deprivation of time is worse than flogging.

We punish in the way which we think, in our estimation, the most efficient.

Q. Now, if in addition to this reward of days, you should hold out a further hope of a sum of money, laid by for them when they shall leave the prison, would it not have a good effect?

A. I do not think it would.

Q. Suppose they were allowed a share in the profits of their work would that be a stimulent to improvement?

A. I do not think it would with these men as a class. They are professional thieves and burglars.

Q. Of those now in your prison, what proportion should you say were men of whom there is no hope of reformation?

A. I do not want to put myself on record, I have no means of knowing.

Q. Would you say seventy-five per cent?

A. Yes, I should say seventy-five per cent of these men after leaving here will go into the same business as when they came here.

Q. Would not the good done to the remaining twenty-five per cent. compensate?

A. The other twenty-five per cent. would, in any case, go back as they were previously.

Q. You think if a man went out with a little fund in his pocket, he would be as likely to come back?

A. He would be more likely to come back. It was formerly the practice to pay $10 to each prisoner when he left, and it had a detrimental effect. There were instances where the prisoner would take the $10, go up to Hartford and get drunk, patronize a house of ill-fame, and bring one of the women down in a hack to *visit* the prison on the afternoon of the same day.

Q. How do you do when you discharge a prisoner?

A. Mr. Taylor, the agent of the Prison Aid Association, comes here and receives him. He goes to Hartford with him, ascertains his trade and whether he wishes to work or go home, if he has one. He fits him up with comfortable clothes. If the man is going home, a pass is given him, and a check sent to his home for an amount sufficient to keep him a week or two.

Q. Then your experience is that labor, as a means of reformation, is unavailing?

A. Yes; labor or anything else."

The resident director of the California prison, Lieutenant-Governor Johnson, says in his last report:

"All over the United States we have founded prison associations for the relief of the criminal, and we have held State and Federal Congresses for the same purposes and what has it amounted to? It has

made prison life easier—it has made it easy. It has made crime as a career, quite respectable in the eyes of very many. It has more than doubled the criminal element of the Christain nations in the short space of seven years. It has more than trebled the number of convicts in some of our American States within that time. It has increased our number of convicts from 16,000 to about 35,000, and gives over 60,000 criminals in the United States. The convict should be protected in all his rights as a convict, but it should never be forgotten for one moment that he has forfeited every other right, and he should never be permitted to forget those things. If there is ever to be any deterrent effect in the imprisonment of the convict it will be when the outside world looks upon him with loathing and with horror, and when the convict lives a life of humility and obedience, recognizing fully his loss, and that of the State, by his crime and imprisonment.

"I would use the pardoning power ten times to where it is now used once; would not use it absolutely, but conditionally. The Governor may impose any condition he pleases; he may confine one man to the limits of a particular town; another to a particular township; another to a county, or to a farm, or he may send him out of the State or the United States, or he may pardon him upon condition that he pay a sum of money for the support of the prison.

"There are at least one hundred prisoners here who ought, in my judgment, to be pardoned, and there are at least two hundred more serving excessive, unheard of, and inhuman sentences. Then, again, there are at least two hundred prisoners here, under short sentences, who should either have been sent for life or long terms."

It is probably well to remit a portion of the prisoner's sentence for ordinarily good conduct, and this might be done by "merit marks;" but I think the provision granting him money from the State Treasury for "good conduct" ought to be repealed. It is liable to be construed as formerly, thus costing the State a considerable sum, without doing the convict more good than harm. Where prisoners had been given merit marks by former superintendents, we have paid them the money in accordance therewith in some cases, and in others it has been waived where discharge has taken place before expiration of term. We have paid to discharged prisoners the sum of $769.00. As we have omitted giving merit marks as freely as has formerly been done, your Excellency has generally remitted about the portion of time they would thus have been entitled to. Shortening time of imprisonment is sufficient inducement to good conduct, and more is oftener an evil than a benefit.

The health of the prison has been good, and we have been able to make a gratifying reduction in the cost of medicines and medical attendance. As would be supposed, men indulging in no excesses, sleep-

ing and eating regularly, and living upon plain food are seldom sick.

The spiritual wants of the prisoners have been generously ministered to by Rev. J. L. Parrish, who has gratuitously preached to them on the first Sunday of each month. The attendance upon these services has been good, though voluntary.

There were sundry notes and accounts turned over to me by ex-Superintendent Burch. Some of these were barred by the statute of limitation, and the parties, when they could be found, would not pay. Others averred they did not owe the amounts, and others were found to be insolvent. Others had left the State and left nothing to pay with, and I could not learn that they had anything where they had gone. Of those who denied being indebted, but one was charged with sufficient amount to pay the cost of enforced collection, even if we succeeded in getting it. Payment of the note of J. L. Smith & Co., former contractors at the prison, for $980,98 (they had left the country, and are irresponsible), we were informed had been assumed by P. L. Willis. Mr. Willis denied having assumed payment of it, and I placed it in the hands of Messrs. Bonham & Ramsey for collection. Those gentlemen being of the opinion that the proofs the State would be able to make would not enable it to recover, no suit was instituted. Upon a note of Mr. F. Hentschel for $1062.37, we received $823, the original amount of the debt, as we understood, and took a new note for the balance, payable November 1, 1880. This note, I am informed, was given for brick furnished the Commercial Hotel Co., and the debt was assumed by Mr. Hentschel. He lost heavily by his connection with that company, and thought he ought not to be required to pay interest on a debt he had assumed the payment of. The legislature is competent to relieve him, and the new note was at his request made payable at such time as would enable him to apply to that body. It seems to me it would be just to relieve him. Gov. Grover informed me that he had endeavored to settle a disputed account with Walter Jackson, and transmitted the sum he had received in such settlement, $370, which was placed to Jackson's credit. That gentleman averred he did not owe anything more, and the settlement made by Governor Grover has been allowed to stand. Of the remainder of the old claims, all believed to be collectible have been collected, except a small balance upon one, which is promised at an early day. The several sums thus collected, amounting in all to $4,023.70, have been paid into the State Treasury, after paying attorneys the usual collection fees, for such as were placed with them for collection. A table of these collections will be found in this report. A deduction of $270 was made in the bill of the Capital Leather Manufacturing Company for $471.18, pursuant to a verbal contract with ex-Superintendent Burch, for fuel and tools used at the prison. Deductions of $117.45 in bill of Bennett & Harvey for 217.45, and $265.45 in that of W. H. Watkinds for

$490, were made under like verbal contracts with Mr. Burch that the harness manufactured by them at the prison should not cost them more than four dollars per set, after deducting freight and expenses. Settlement was made with these parties after some delay, pursuant to these agreements. Among the claims was a note of Joseph Holman, now deceased, for $923.37. This note is understood to have been given for brick sold the Commercial Hotel Co., the debt being assumed by Mr. Holman. He had made an assignment, and I received from the assignee $125, the proportion due upon that note. The remainder has been carried to "profit and loss" account. Nothing more can be collected upon it. All the other claims not collectible have been likewise carried to that account.

We received from ex-Superintendent Burch two elaborately wrought tables, made by convicts and belonging to the State. Not finding any sale for them here, I sent them to the Oregon Furniture Company, Portland, with instructions to sell. They had not been disposed of at last accounts.

I had long been of the opinion that the penitentiary was costing the State too much, and was largely influenced to accept the appointment you kindly conferred upon me for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not this opinion was well founded. The result you have, and I am now ready to give place to another when you shall appoint.

A. BUSH.

TRIAL BALANCE.

Dr. FOOTINGS.	BALANCES.	ACCOUNTS	BALANCES.	Cr. FOOTINGS.
$ 1,950 89	.....	Penitentiary	$ 68,996 74	$ 70,947 63
47,019 91	$ 16,114 86	Appropriation	.....	30,905 05
30,905 05	30,905 05	Vouchers	.....	.....
14,147 03	14,147 03	State Treasurer	.....	.....
7,069 19	1,506 57	Bills receivable	.....	5,562 62
.....	.....	Interest	929 23	929 23
2,754 73	2,753 87	Profit and loss	.....	86
6,547 83	370 61	United States	.....	6,177 22
3 916 69	1,477 49	C. L. and Mfg Co	.....	2,439 20
1,686 17	1,622 42	O. L. and Mfg Co	.....	63 75
2,469 33	413 65	J. Stahley	.....	2,055 68
1,280 27	82 19	O. F. Dennis	.....	1,198 08
287 00	260 48	J. S. Coulter	.....	26 52
865 67	254 75	George Collins	.....	610 92
17 00	17 00	James Rooney	.....	.....
$ 120,916 76	$ 69,925 97		$ 69,925 97	$ 120,916 76

EXPENDITURES.

November 1, 1878, to February 28, 1879
(Four months)

Salaries of officers	$ 2531 35	
Salary of physician	95 00	
Paid discharged convicts	209 00	
Groceries and provisions	355 78	
Meat	646 95	
Wheat and Flour	1620 00	
Drugs	25 87	
Clothing material, blankets, etc	219 04	
Hardware	63 94	
Live stock	102 00	
Lights and fuel	142 55	
Leather and findings	42 76	
Repairs and improvements	237 78	
Stationery and postage	24 00	
Tinware	34 99	
Freight	26 20	
		$ 6377 21

EXPENDITURES.

March 1. to May 31, 1879.

Salaries of officers	$ 1865 66	
Salary of physician	75 00	
Paid discharged convicts	55 00	
Reward for escaped convicts	200 00	
Groceries and provisions	822 95	
Meat	567 41	
Brooms and broom corn	5 50	
Drugs	14 48	
Clothing material, blankets, etc	972 41	
Feed	5 00	
Hardware	72 53	
Lights and fuel	107 25	
Leather and findings	89 05	
Repairs and improvements	20 11	
Stationery and postage	18 50	
Seed	21 48	
Tinware	32 88	
Freight	35 56	
		$ 4081 77

EXPENDITURES.

Quarter ending August 31, 1879.

Salaries of officers	$ 1881 65	
Salary of physician	75 00	
Paid discharged convicts	60 00	
Groceries and provisions	245 21	
Meat	617 82	
Brooms	5 25	
Drugs	16 00	
Clothing material, blankets, etc	817 13	
Feed	12 00	
Hardware	38 66	
Leather and findings	66 50	
Repairs and improvements	130 65	
Stationery, postage and advertising	3 00	
Seed	6 45	
Tinware	40 50	
Freight	39 35	
		$ 4061 17

EXPENDITURES.

Quarter ending November 30, 1879.

Salaries of officers	$ 1873 64	
Salary of physician	75 00	
Paid discharged convicts	118 00	
Returning escaped convicts	4 00	
Groceries and provisions	134 38	
Meat	569 20	
Wheat and flour	918 40	
Brooms	6 00	
Drugs	22 25	
Clothing material, blankets, etc.	66 70	
Feed	52 24	
Hardware	91 22	
Lights and fuel	78 87	
Leather and findings	93 51	
Repairs and improvements	18 50	
Seed	25 00	
Tinware	43 14	
Freight	31 39	
		$ 4221 44

EXPENDITURES.

Quarter ending February 29, 1880.

Salaries of officers	$ 1875 00	
Salary of Physician	65 00	
Paid discharged convicts	132 00	
Groceries and provisions	181 01	
Meat	552 64	
Wheat and flour	67 00	
Brooms and broom corn	17 25	
Drugs	2 37	
Clothing material, blankets, etc.	3 15	
Feed	72 22	
Hardware	36 09	
Lights and fuel	135 25	
Leather and findings	132 56	
Repairs and improvements	247 36	
Stationery and postage	7 00	
Freight	33 46	
		$ 3559 36

EXPENDITURES.

Quarter ending May 31, 1880.

Salaries of officers	$ 1908 98	
Salary of physician	75 00	
Paid discharged convicts	115 00	
Return of escaped convict	50 25	
Groceries and provisions	179 12	
Meat	590 07	
Wheat and flour	547 50	
Drugs	27 39	
Clothing material, blankets, etc	19 50	
Feed	27 00	
Hardware	54 46	
Live stock	132 00	
Lights and fuel	5 50	
Repairs and improvements	81 13	
Stationery and postage	2 00	
Seed	38 52	
Freight	2 15	
		$ 3855 57

EXPENDITURES.

Quarter ending August 31, 1880.

Salaries of officers	$ 1980 00	
Salary of physician	70 00	
Paid discharged convicts	80 00	
Groceries and provisions	167 48	
Meat	635 07	
Wheat and flour	436 22	
Drugs	29 00	
Clothing material, blankets, etc	53 15	
Hardware	44 25	
Leather and findings	137 12	
Repairs and improvements	118 85	
Stationery, postage and advertising	75 42	
Seed	8 00	
Tinware	11 37	
Freight	2 60	
		$ 3848 53

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES.

November 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880.

Salaries of officers	$ 13,916 28	
Salary of physician	530 00	
Paid discharged convicts	769 00	
Rewards for escaped convicts	254 25	
Groceries and provisions	2085 93	
Meat	4179 16	
Wheat and flour	3589 12	
Brooms and broom corn	34 00	
Drugs	137 36	
Clothing material, blankets, etc	2151 03	
Feed	168 46	
Hardware	401 15	
Lights and fuel	469 42	
Leather and findings	561 50	
Live stock	234 00	
Repairs and improvements	854 38	
Stationery, postage and advertising	135 92	
Seed	99 45	
Tinware	162 88	
Freight	171 91	
		$ 30,905 05
Balance of appropriation	$ 47,019 71	
Expenditures	30,905 05	
Balance unexpended	$ 16,114 86	

SUMMARY

Of Expenditures and Earnings, November 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880.

Total expenditures, per summary		$ 30,905 05
EARNINGS.		
Cash on current business	$ 10,123 33	
Bills receivable, balance due	781 29	
United States, balance due	370 61	
Capital Leather Co , balance due	1477 49	
Oregon Leather Co., balance due	1622 42	
J. Stahley, balance due	413 65	
O. F. Dennis, balance due	82 19	
J. S. Coulter, balance due	260 48	
George Collins, balance due	254 75	
James Rooney, balance due	17 00	
		$ 15,403 21
Net expenses November 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880		$ 15,501 84

Average number of convicts 180
Net cost per week each ..... 90 cents.
Gross cost per week each $1.82

Net cost comprises the whole cost of the prison, including salaries of officers, guards, &c., but deducting earnings.

Gross cost comprises all the expense of conducting the prison, including salaries, repairs, &c., and not deducting earnings.

EXPENDITURES.

From September 1, 1870, to August 31, 1872.

Salaries of officers	$ 29,183 [illegible]
Escaped and discharged convicts	2,010 [illegible]
Drugs and medicines	1,546 [illegible]
Hardware, iron, etc	1,645 [illegible]
Groceries, dry goods and merchandise	10,394 [illegible]
Physician	2,071 00
Sand	2,065 [illegible]
Meat	9,561 72
Flour	2,710 41
Stationery	128 55
Fixtures	1,629 75
Paints and oils	123 24
Printing	417 00
Clothing	3,067 82
Office fixtures	120 [illegible]
Leather and findings	1,188 81
Miscellaneous	1,980 21
Wood	7,909 [illegible]
Lumber	729 37
Hay, feed and seed	914 17
Tan bark	239 00
Total expenditures	$ 79,677 75

Average number of convicts 88
Cost per week for each convict $8 06

EXPENDITURES.

From September 1, 1872, to August 31, 1874.

Drugs and medicines	$ 1,635 16
Groceries, dry goods, etc.	10,878 36
Physician	2,350 00
Meat	8,251 04
Flour	4,032 12
Clothing	3,338 96
Leather and findings	1,353 68
Miscellaneous	3,255 34
Hay, feed and seed	1,214 99
Discharged and escaped convicts	2,490 75
Salaries of officers	30,356 81
Hardware	1,695 33
Stationery	209 46
Printing	86 00
Sand	2,050 50
Fixtures	5,869 05
Wood	9,608 93
Lumber	2,052 03
Paints and oils	20 62
Water ditch	375 00
Total expenditures	$ 91,024 72

Average number of convicts 106
Cost per week for each convict $8 26

NOTE —Vouchers drawn, $86,127 22. Paid in brick, etc , $4,897 50.

EXPENDITURES.

From September 1, 1874, to August 31, 1876.

Officers salaries	$ 18,101 90
Physician, drugs and medicines	3,074 72
Stationery	259 24
Printing and advertising	273 25
Hardware and iron	1,668 38
Wood	1,159 34
Flour	1,527 92
Meat	4,088 67
Clothing	1,784 06
Boots and shoes	902 30
Harness and leather	126 01
Paints and oils	289 40
Lumber	2,360 21
Hay, feed and seed	759 19
Discharged and escaped convicts	2,066 35
Groceries	5,847 80
Dry goods	219 07
Fixtures	1,727 41
Teaming	401 75
Live stock	210 00
Carpenter work	192 00
Bedding	389 38
Miscellaneous	1,871 50
Horse shoeing	9 00
Total expenditures	$ 49,308 94

Average number of convicts 104
Cost per week for each convict $4 56

EXPENDITURES.

From September 1, 1876, to August 31, 1878.

Discharged and escaped convicts	$ 1,532 [illegible]
Salaries of officers	15,993 [illegible]
Salary of physician	1,266 [illegible]
Groceries	3,793 [illegible]
Dry goods	227 [illegible]
Feed, seed and grain	546 [illegible]
Blacksmithing	265 [illegible]
Wood and lights	395 [illegible]
Meat	3,508 72
Printing, postage, &c	301 [illegible]
Repairs	89 [illegible]
Flour	2,542 [illegible]
Fixtures	493 14
Hardware	933 [illegible]
Leather and findings	330 [illegible]
Lumber	336 [illegible]
Stationery	168 [illegible]
Tobacco	1,063 70
Miscellaneous	680 [illegible]
Clothing	1,473 [illegible]
Gasoline	615 58
Bedding	684 37
Paints, oils and lime	206 62
Drugs and medicines	440 21
Live stock	146 69
Expended from February 18, 1877, to September 1, 1878	$ 38,040 34
Expended from September 1, 1876, to February 17, 1877	11,778 82
Total expenditures	$ 49,819 16

Average number of convicts	190
Cost per week for each convict	$3 70

B. F. Burch was appointed Superintendent February 18, 1877.

No tabular statement of expenditures from September 1, 1876, to February 17, 1877, having been published, the total has been given above.

EXPENDITURES.

From September 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880.

Salaries of officers	$ 13,916 28
Physician	530 00
Paid discharged convicts	769 00
Rewards for escaped convicts	254 25
Groceries and provisions	2,085 93
Meat	4,179 16
Wheat and flour	3,589 12
Brooms and broom corn	34 00
Drugs	137 36
Clothing material, blankets, etc	2,151 08
Feed	168 46
Hardware	401 15
Lights and fuel	469 42
Leather and findings	561 50
Live stock	234 00
Repairs and improvements	854 38
Stationery, postage and advertising	135 92
Seed	99 45
Tinware	162 88
Freight	171 71
Expended from Nov. 1, 1878, to Sept 1, 1880	$ 30,905 05
Expended from Sept. 1, 1878, to Nov. 1, 1878	5,760 09
Total expenditures	$ 36,665 14

Average number of convicts 180
Cost per week for each convict $1 96

A. Bush was appointed Superintendent Nov. 1, 1878.

No tabular statement of expenditures from September 1, 1878, to October 31, 1878, having been published, the total has been given above.

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

From September 1, 1870, to August 31, 1880.

From September 1, 1870, to August 31, 1872	$ 79,677 75	
Average number of convicts, 88		
From September 1, 1872, to August 31, 1874	91,024 72	
Average number of convicts, 106		
From September 1, 1874, to August 31, 1876	49,308 94	
Average number of convicts, 104.		
From September 1, 1876, to August 31, 1878	49,819 16	
Average number of convicts, 190		
From September 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880	36,665 14	
Average number of convicts, 180.		
		$ 306,495 71
PAID STATE TREASURER		
From September 1, 1870, to August 31, 1874	$ 2,050 00	
From September 1, 1874, to August 31, 1876	10,322 85	
From September 1, 1876, to August 31, 1878—		
By Superintendent W H. Watkinds	2,198 88	
By Superintendent B. F. Burch	5,193 69	
From September 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880—		
By Superintendent B. F Burch	347 51	
By Superintendent A Bush	14,147 03	$ 34,259 96
Net cash expenditures for ten years	.....	272,235 75

Average number of convicts 121 3-5
Net cost for one convict for ten years $2,243 34
Average net cost per week 4 31

APPROPRIATIONS FROM 1860 TO 1878.

1860	For expenses of penitentiary	$	$ 9,095 00
1862	For expenses of penitentiary		30,000 00
1864	For expenses of penitentiary		20,000 00
1866	For expenses of penitentiary		35,000 00
1868	No appropriation.		
1870	For expenses of penitentiary	60,000 00	
	For salary of inspector	400 00	
	For salary of superintendent	3,600 00	
	For salary of warden	2,400 00	
	For salary of assistant warden	1,800 00	
	For redemption of warrants	53,000 00	
	For redemption of warrants	21,000 00	142,200 00
1872	For expenses of penitentiary	75,000 00	
	For deficiency in excess of past appropriations	19,677 75	94,677 75
1874	For deficiency in excess of past appropriations	11,127 22	
	For expenses of penitentiary	50,000 00	61,127 22
1876	For expenses of penitentiary	40,000 00	
	For salary of inspector	600 00	40,600 00
1878	For salary of wardens	4,200 00	
	For pay of guards	7,680 00	
	For keeping prisoners, etc	35,000 00	
	For chief teamster	900 00	
	For salary of inspector	400 00	
	For salary of superintendent	3,600 00	
	For salary of physician	1,000 00	
	For deficiency in excess of past appropriations	9,574 00	62,354 00
			495,053 97
1870	For erection of penitentiary	50,000 00	
1872	For erection of penitentiary, deficiency	51,678 03	
	For payment of penitentiary building fund warrants	2,729 46	
	For payment of penitentiary building fund warrants	16,272 22	
	For painting penitentiary building	6,000 00	126,679 71
	Total appropriations from 1860 to 1878		$621,733 68

STATEMENT

Of Accounts and Notes received from Ex-Supt. B. F. Burch, and Collections and Settlements Made Thereon.

United States	$	$ 1487 95
By cash		1487 95
J. P Irwin		28 50
By cash		28 50
A. J. Downer		100 25
By cash		100 25
Capital Leather Co		471 18
By act. for fuel used by Burch	270 00	
By bills rec	201 18	471 18
Bennett & Harvey		217 45
By cash	100 00	
By discount on labor	117 45	217 45
W. H Watkinds		490 17
By discount on labor	265 45	
By bills rec	224 72	490 17
Walter Jackson		486 90
By cash	370 00	
By profit and loss, settled by Hon. L F Grover	116 90	486 90
J. Osborn		4 00
By profit and loss		4 00
Says he paid Ex-Supt. Watkinds.		
B Cave		3 20
By profit and loss		3 20
Cannot find him—outlawed.		
J. C Bell		6 40
By profit and loss		6 40
Denies indebtedness		
A. J. Brown		25 43
By profit and loss		25 43
Left the State—no assets		
O. A Waller		12 80
By profit and loss		12 80
Denies indebtedness—outlawed.		
S. Brown		32 50
By profit and loss		32 50
Says he has full offset.		
Trinity Church		9 00
By profit and loss		9 00
Outlawed.		
Commercial Hotel		573 60
By profit and loss		573 60
Insolvent, no assets		
M. Hagey		8 00
By profit and loss		8 00
Outlawed.		
William Miller		8 00
By profit and loss		8 00
Claims offset. Says he refused to pay Ex-Supt. Watkinds.		
McCarthy		24 00
By profit and loss		24 00
Can learn nothing about him.		
J Bernardi		16 00
By profit and loss		16 00
Says he paid Ex-Supt. Watkinds.		
Miller & Grover		18 00
By profit and loss		18 00
Miller denies indebtedness.		
J. M. Morris		8 80
By profit and loss		8 80
Deceased—no assets		

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS AND NOTES—CONTINUED.

F. Hensthel, note and accrued interest	$.....	$ 1493 73
By cash	823 00	
By bills rec.	670 73	1493 73
D. H. Murphy, note	.....	81 55
By cash	27 00	
Balance	54 55	81 55
J. Holman, note	.....	923 37
By cash from assignee	125 00	
By profit and loss	798 37	923 37
Deceased—insolvent.		
J. Hackleman, note	.....	400 00
By cash	.....	400 00
Herrman & Hirsch, note	.....	250 00
By cash,	.....	250 00
George Collins, account	.....	312 25
By cash	.....	312 25
S. Hamilton, note	.....	10 00
By profit and loss	.....	10 00
Attorney received no answer to dun.		
J. L. Smith & Co , note and account	.....	980 98
By profit and loss	.....	980 98
Left State several years ago, leaving and having no assets. Not known where they are, and certain to be irresponsible. Ex-Supt. Watkinds stated that payment of this note and account was assumed by P. L. Willis. They were given to Bonham & Ramsey for collection, and returned endorsed—"I have made diligent inquiry in reference to within claim against P. L. Willis, and have not been able to learn facts sufficient to warrant me in advising the commencement of suit on the claim, as Mr. Willis denies indebtedness." (Signed) B. F. BONHAM.		
Total notes and accounts received	.....	$ 8052 40
Cash collected	4023 70	
Bills receivabl (taken	665 27	
Accounts against prison, Nov. 1, 1878	270 00	
Discount on labor	382 90	
Profit and loss	*2655 98	
Remaining unpaid	54 55	$ 8052 40
Cash principal as above	4023 70	
Cash interest on same	246 18	$ 4269 88

DETAILED STATEMENT

Of Cash Collected and Paid Over to State Treasurer.

1879		
Feb 28	United States	$ 959 76
	Walter Jackson	300 00
May 31	Walter Jackson	70 00
	A. J Downer	119 25
	J. P. Irwin	14 00
	Bennett & Harvey	305 62
	Boarding contractor's employes	84 38
	United States	1752 92
	J Stahley	5 27
	Bills rec, Heuschel's note	823 00
	Bills rec., Herrman & Hirsch's note	250 00
	Interest on Herrman & Hirsch's note	192 33
Aug. 31	J Stahley	430 97
	United States	194 80
	Bills rec, D H. Murphy's note	10 00
	Bills rec., J Hackleman's note	400 00
	Bills rec, C. L & M Co's note	18 00
	Interest on Hackleman's note	53 85
	Sundry convict labor	5 00
Nov 30	J. Stahley	195 25
	Capital Leather and Manufacturing Co	48 50
	O. F. Dennis	353 95
	George Collins	289 00
	Bills rec., W. H Watkinds' note	309 34
	Bills rec., George Collins' note	312 25
	Bills rec, D. H. Murphy's note	17 00
	Interest on Watkinds' note	21 00
	Sundry convict labor	23 25
1880		
Feb 29	J. P. Irvin	17 62
	O F. Dennis	39 72
	Capital Leather and Manufacturing Co	52 10
	Bennett & Harvey	22 50
	George Collins	207 73
	J. S Coulter	26 52
	O. F. Dennis	5 00
	J Stahley	274 63
	Sundry convict labor	8 00
May 31	J. Stahley	274 45
	Bennett & Harvey	104 36
	Bills rec, J Holman's note	125 00
	Sales of old iron	21 00
	Sundry convict labor	2 00
Aug. 31	United States	3269 74
	Bills rec, Capital Leather and Manufacturing Co's note	1269 31
	Interest on same	230 69
	J. Stahley	376 53
	George Collins	164 19
	Oregon Leather and Manufacturing Co.	63 75
	Convict labor for A. Prescott	80 00
	Convict labor for Ewing*	25 00
	Convict labor for Colwell*	3 50
	Total	$ 14172 03
1879		
March 11	Paid State Treasurer	959 76
	do do	370 00
June 14	do do	1752 92
	do do	823 00
	do do	444 61
	do do	84 40
	do do	442 33
Sept 5	do do	453 97
	do do	463 85
	do do	194 80
Dec 6	do do	859 95
	do do	659 59
1880		
Jan. 13	do do	158 57
March 8	do do	515 25

DETAILED STATEMENT OF CASH COLLECTED—CONTINUED.

1880		
June 3	Paid State Treasurer	$ 526 [illegible]
Aug. 17	do do	4908 [illegible]
21	do do	583 [illegible]
	do do	25 [illegible]
	Total	$ 14172 [illegible]

*These two items were reported and paid after table on page 17 was made up, and consequently are not included in the same.

STATEMENT

Of Collections on Old Indebtedness.

United States	$ 1487 95	$
J. P. Irwin	28 50	
A. J. Downer	100 25	
Bennett & Harvey	100 00	
W. H. Watkinds	224 72	
Walter Jackson	370 00	
F. Hentschel	823 00	
D H. Murphy	27 00	
J. Holman	125 00	
J Hackleman	400 00	
Herrman & Hirsch	250 00	
George Collins	312 25	
	$ 4248 67	
Collected on current business	9923 36	
Total amount collected	$14172 03	
Cash on current business		9923 36
United States, balance due		370 61
Bills rec , balance on C. L. & Co's note	580 11	
Capital Leather Co., balance due	1477 49	
Oregon Leather Co , balance due	1622 42	
J. Stahley, balance due	413 65	
O. F. Dennis, balance due	82 19	
J. S Coulter, balance due	260 48	
George Collins, balance due	254 75	
James Rooney	17 00	4708 09
		$ 15002 06
Paid O. F. Dennis in convict labor		799 41
Paid J. Stahley in convict labor		464 13
Total		$ 16265 60

CONVICT RECORD.

November 1, 1878, to August 31, 1880.

	NAME	COUNTY.	CRIME.	SENTENCE	RECEIVED.	DISCHARGED.	NATIVITY.
1	Gilfoy, Cornelius	Multnomah	Murder second deg.	Life	August 8, 1872		Ireland.
2	Wilson, Charles	Jackson	Larceny	9 years	August 25, 1872	January 11, 1879	Missouri.
3	Gibbons, Robert	Multnomah	Murder second deg	Life	July 1, 1874		Maryland.
4	Gerand, Thomas	Marion	Murder first deg	do	January 27, 1875		Oregon.
5	Daugherty, John	Multnomah	Larceny	7 years	February 24, 1875	December 24, 1878	Ireland.
6	Clark, Daniel A.	Douglas	do	5 do	May 19, 1875	September 15, 1879	Indiana.
7	Harris, Matthew	Jackson	do	6 do	June 5, 1875	May 7, 1880	Oregon.
8	Johnson, Albert A.	do	do	7 do	do		Mexico
9	Brown, James	Multnomah	do	4 do	do	November 30, 1873	New Brunswick.
10	Weiser, Joseph	do	do	4 do	June 23, 1875	do	Germany.
11	Gibbons, James	Coos	Manslaughter	10 do	September 24, 1875		Ireland
12	Edwards William	do	Murder second deg.	Life	do		Virginia.
13	Douglas, Robert	Baker	do	do	October 18, 1875		Kentucky.
14	Whitney, James	Marion	Arson	7 years	November 12, 1875	June 10, 1880	Oregon.
15	Carey, Dillworth	Jackson	Larceny	10 do	December 15, 1875		Iowa.
16	Smith, Dan	U. S. Dist. Court	Robbing U. S. mail	6 do	June 4, 1876		Maryland.
17	Dotey, Daniel	Jackson	Assault to kill	4 do	March 23, 1876	January 11, 1879	Indiana
18	Berry, Benjamin	Umatilla	Robbery	10 do	May 3, 1876	May 29, 1879	Kentucky.
19	Jones, Charles	Douglas	Larceny	3 do	May 15, 1876	December 11, 1878	Massachusetts.
20	Burnett, James	Multnomah	do	2⅔ do	July 10, 1876	November 30, 1878	Virginia.
21	Burke, William	Clatsop	Robbery	4 do	August 22, 1876	December 19, 1879	Ireland.
22	McCormick, Mary	do	Murder second deg.	Life	do	November 17, 1878	do
23	McGoven, John	Clackamas	Larceny	3 years	September 29, 1876	May 12, 1879	New Hampshire.
24	Chambers, William	Multnomah	do	3 do	October 16, 1876	December 24, 1878	New York.
25	Ah Chung	Baker	Assault to kill	4 do	October 18, 1876	March 6, 1880	China.
26	Shepardson, Milton	do	Robbery	10 do	November 15, 1876		Kentucky.
27	Luce, D. T.	Lane	Burglary	5 do	do	December 14, 1878	Missouri.
28	Indian Ben	Benton	Larceny	5 do	December 2, 1876	November 25, 1878	Oregon.
29	Hawkins, G. W.	Polk	do	4 do	December 11, 1876	April 17, 1880	Ohio.
30	Knowles, F. W.	Jackson	Assault to kill	3 do	March 30, 1877	January 11, 1879	England.
31	Daugherty, George	do	Larceny	2 do	do	January 14, 1879	Ireland.
32	Barr, H. A.	U. S. Dist. Court	Counterfeiting	2 do	May 10, 1877	March 10, 1879	Oregon.
33	Too Fook	Union	Manslaughter	10 do	May 26, 1877		China.
34	Cooper, W. H.	U. S. Dist. Court	Counterfeiting	4 do	June 6, 1877		North Carolina.
35	Shearer, Robert D.	Washington	Forgery	6 do	June 9, 1877		Iowa.
36	Weatherford, D. F.	Marion	do	2 do	June 14, 1877	February 10, 1879	Illinois.
37	Ah Fook	Coos	Larceny	6 do	June 15, 1877		China.
38	Gilbreath, M. W.	Jackson	Robbery	5 do	June 19, 1877		Arkansas.
39	Daugherty, John	Multnomah	do	5 do	June 28, 1877	July 30, 1879	Ohio.
40	Thorne, George	do	do	5 do	June 29, 1877	May 19, 1880	England.
41	Dunn, Jeremiah	do	Larceny	5 do	June 30, 1877		New York.
42	Collins, William	Wasco	Assault to kill	5 do	do	July 7, 1880	Canada.

CONVICT RECORD—CONTINUED.

	NAME.	COUNTY.	CRIME.	SENTENCE	RECEIVED.	DISCHARGED	NATIVITY.
43	Ross, Charles	Wasco	Larceny	3 years	June 30, 1877	January 16, 1880	Massachusetts.
44	Hughes, John	do	Perjury	4 do	do		Virginia.
45	Sewell, W. H	Multnomah	Larceny	5 do	July 2, 1877		Connecticut.
46	Walters, James	do	do	5 do	July 3, 1877		Vermont.
47	Ah Jake	do	do	5 do	July 10, 1877		China.
48	Edward, Randall	do	Assault to kill	3 do	July 20, 1877	February 19, 1880	Massachusetts.
49	Hicks, William	U. S Dist. Court	Counterfeiting	7 do	July 26, 1877		Iowa.
50	Baker, Enoch	do	do	7 do	do		Illinois.
51	Hewett, Frank	Clatsop	Larceny	2 do	August 30, 1877	June 4, 1879	New York.
52	Daley James	do	do	2 do	do	June 10, 1879	California.
53	O'Brien, John	do	Aid. pris. to escape	3 do	do	April 8, 1880	New York.
54	Marx, Joseph	do	Larceny	5 do	do		France.
55	Murphy, John	do	do	2 do	do	June 3, 1879	Missouri.
56	Marshall, William	Marion	do	3 do	October 19, 1877	January 9, 1880	Indiana.
57	Wilson, James	do	do	3 do	do	April 15, 1880	Virginia.
58	Cook James	do	Aid. pris. to escape	5 do	October 20, 1877		England.
59	Raymond, J	do	Assault to kill	3 do	do	June 25, 1879	Chili.
60	Logan, T. C	Douglas	Larceny	3 do	October 22, 1877	August 1, 1879	Illinois.
61	Ah Wong	Multnomah	do	3 do	October 31, 1877	May 29, 1880	China.
62	Dale, John	do	Burglary	2 do	November 7, 1877	August 11, 1879	New York.
63	Burns, Thomas	Umatilla	Larceny	5 do	do		Michigan.
64	Goodrich, James	do	do	5 do	do	Died August 2, 1879	Kentucky.
65	Starr, Charles	Multnomah	do	3 do	November 8, 1877	January 10, 1879	Indiana.
66	Sayers, C. R	Jackson	do	2 do	November 20, 1877	August 30, 1879	Ohio.
67	McManus, Peter	Wasco	do	2 do	November 23, 1877	do	New York.
68	We Braggo (Ind.)	do	do	2 do	November 27, 1877	September 3, 1879	Oregon.
69	Daniels, George	do	do	4 do	November 29, 1877		Massachusetts.
70	Cooper, A. J	U. S. Dist. Court	Viola. sec 2139, R. S.	1 do	December 13, 1877	November 8, 1878	Iowa.
71	Anderson, James	Clatsop	Larceny	2 do	February 1, 1878	November 8, 1879	Scotland.
72	Mullen, Hugh	do	do	1 do	do	January 24, 1879	New York
73	Herring, R. E	do	do	1 do	do	January 11, 1879	District Columbia
74	Riley, Lawrence	Multnomah	do	4 do	February 13, 1878		New York.
75	Grey, Thomas	do	do	1 do	do	January 24, 1879	Scotland.
76	Jones, Charles	do	do	5 do	February 16, 1878		Pennsylvania.
77	Ah Young	do	do	1 do	February 20, 1878	January 31, 1879	China
78	Ward, John P.	do	Robbery	5 do	February 23, 1878		New York.
79	Clark, James	do	Burglary	2 do	February 26, 1878	November 27, 1879	England
80	Harris Thomas	do	Larceny	1 do	February 27, 1878	Februry 8, 1879	California.
81	Ah King	do	do	1 do	do	January 9, 1879	China.
82	Brown, S. R	Marion	do	1 do	March 1, 1878	January 31, 1879	New York.
83	O'Connor, F	Multnomah	do	3 do	do		Ireland
84	Williams, Charles	do	Burglary	2 do	do	November 29, 1879	Germany.
85	Brown, Thomas	Marion	do	4 do	March 2, 1878		Massachusetts.
86	Smith, Frank	do	do	4 do	do	January 12, 1880	Arkansas.

87	Yune Yew	Multnomah	Larceny	5 years	March 2, 1878		China
88	Holmes, James	Marion	do	1 do	March 4, 1878	January 25, 1879	New Hampshire.
89	Hughes, William	Multnomah	Burglary	2 do	do	December 12, 1879	England.
90	Palmer, William	do	do	2 do	March 5, 1878	November 19, 1879	England.
91	McCarty, John	do	Robbery	4 do	March 8, 1878		New York
92	Abrams, John	do	Larceny	3 do	do		England.
93	Whipple, Daniel	U S Dist. Court	Sec 5457	1 do	March 12, 1878	February 11, 1879	Maine
94	Brown, Allan B	do	do	1 do	do	do	Illinois
95	Barnes, John	Multnomah	Larceny	1 do	March 13, 1878	do	Oregon
96	King, James A.	do	do	1 do	March 16, 1878	February 13, 1879	Oregon.
97	Bernard, Frank	do	do	1 do	March 15, 1878	do	Massachusetts.
98	Hall, H. H.	Clackamas	Assault to rape	1 do	April 26, 1878	March 27, 1879	Maine
99	Laughery, Samuel	U. S. Dist. Court	Viola. sec. 2139, R S	1 do	April 29, 1878	April 10, 1879	Ohio
100	Day, George	Umatilla	Larceny	5 do	May 9, 1878		Wisconsin.
101	Taylor, William	do	do	5 do	do		Oregon
102	Bryant, J. W.	do	do	5 do	do		England
103	Sullivan, John	do	do	1 do	do	April 14, 1879	Ireland.
104	Saddler, John A	Clackamas	Murder second deg	Life	May 10, 1878		South Carolina
105	Pope, H. J	do	Rape	10 years.	do	April 20, 1880	Missouri
106	Daugherty William	Douglas	Assault to kill	6 do	May 21, 1878	November 2, 1878	Missouri.
107	Dock.	do	Larceny	6 do	May 24, 1878		China.
108	Sam	do	do	6 do	May 25, 1878		China.
109	Sing	do	do	6 do	May 27, 1878		China.
110	Kelly, John	Marion	do	1 do	June 12, 1878	May 9, 1879	Oregon
111	Smith, John	Multnomah	do	1 do	June 14, 1878	May 27, 1879	New York.
112	Blake, T J.	do	Forgery	2 do	June 18, 1878	July 16, 1879	New York.
113	Simmons, J.	Marion	Robbery	3 do	do	December 8, 1879	Oregon.
114	Belong, Edward	do	do	3 do	do	July 5, 1879	Oregon.
115	Clegg, W. F.	do	do	3 do	do	October 23, 1879	Pennsylvania.
116	Harpoll, John	do	do	3 do	do	July 5, 1879	Illinois.
117	Shea, James	Grant	Larceny	3 do	June 21, 1878		Canada.
118	Gee, Sam	Coos	Assault	1 do	do	May 20 1879	China.
119	Southwell, J	Wasco	Rape	5 do	June 26, 1878		England.
120	Godway, Abe	Linn	Larceny	2 do	do	March 28, 1880	Iowa.
121	Skelton, William	Douglas	Murder second deg.	Life	July 1, 1878	June 29, 1880	Ohio.
122	Galvin, Andrew.	Jackson	Larceny	1 year	August 15, 1878	May 20, 1879	Michigan.
123	Florentine, N	Clatsop	do	1 do	August 27, 1878	July 28, 1879	Greece.
124	Newman, G.	do	Arson	3 do	do		Germany.
125	Ah Sing	do	Larceny	1 do	do	July 28, 1879	China
126	Smith, Dan	Clackamas	Adultery	1½ do	October 3, 1878	November 29, 1879	Australia
127	Glenn, H. A	Yamhill	Larceny	2 do	October 14, 1878	July 17, 1880	New York.
128	Greenly, William	Clackamas	do	1 do	October 15, 1878	September 8, 1879	England
129	Ramer, Charles	Baker	do	2 do	October 16, 1878	May 25, 1880	Maryland.
130	Ringold, Charles	Marion	Burglary	2 do	October 24, 1878	August 2, 1880	Germany.
131	Sullivan. Peter	do	do	2 do	October 26, 1878	July 17, 1880	California
132	Edwards, George	do	Robbery	10 do	do		California.
133	Bashawd, George	do	Larceny	5 do	October 28, 1878		Vermont.
134	McCombs, John	do	do	5 do	do	August 3, 1880	California.
135	Waldo, Peter	Douglas	do	3 do	October 30, 1878		Oregon.
136	Engles, J. C	do	Forgery	3 do	October 31, 1878		Illinois.
137	Weddle, A. F.	Union	Murder	Life	November 1, 1878	May 4, '80, In. Asyl'm	Virginia.

CONVICT RECORD—CONTINUED.

	NAME.	COUNTY.	CRIME.	SENTENCE	RECEIVED.	DISCHARGED.	NATIVITY.
138	Hanson, H. L.	Douglas	Larceny	5 years	November 1, 1878	October 30, 1879	Massachusetts.
139	Bayles, John	Multnomah	do	5 do	November 5, 1878		California.
140	Martin, A. J	Josephine	do	3 do	do		Oregon
141	Smith John	Multnomah	do	3 do	do		Georgia.
142	Sargent, Charles	Lane	do	1 do	November 8, 1878	October 21, 1879	Washington Ter.
143	Fales, Nathan	Lane	Assault to kill	5 do	November 9, 1878		Dist. Columbia.
144	Brown, Thomas	Multnomah	Larceny	1 do	do	October 10, 1879	Scotland.
145	Johnson, George	do	do	1 do	do	October 6, 1879	Indiana.
146	Eislar, Lawrence	Umatilla	do	1½ do	November 13, 1878	January 10, 1880	Germany.
147	Smith, Louis	do	do	1½ do	do	March 11, 1880	Hungary.
148	Walker, John	Multnomah	do	4 do	November 14, 1878		Ireland.
149	Lee Quong	do	do	2 do	November 15, 1878	August 25, 1880	China
150	Hancorn, T. W.	Jackson	do	4 do	November 16, 1878		Michigan.
151	Bong	Multnomah	do	3 do	November 18, 1878		China.
152	Johnson, William	Wasco	do	3 do	November 19, 1878		Ireland.
153	Bell Henry	do	Assault to kill	3 do	November 21, 1878	December 16, 1879	Scotland.
154	Levi, Solomon	Marion	Larceny	6 do	November 25, 1878	June 6, 1880	New York.
155	Evans, A. J.	Wasco	Assault to kill	5 do	November 27, 1878	January 1, 1880	New York.
156	McTimmonds, Thomas H.	do	do	3 do	November 29, 1878	March 10, 1879	Missouri.
157	Wilson, Henry	Multnomah	Larceny	1 do	November 30, 1878	October 31, 1879	Ohio.
158	Moody, George A.	do	do	1 do	December 3, 1878	November 14, 1879	New York.
159	Dwyer, Andrew	do	do	2 do	do	February 2, 1880	California.
160	Armstrong, Martin	do	do	1 do	December 7, 1878	November 5, 1879	Virginia.
161	Gall, Charles	do	do	1 do	do	November 7, 1879	New York.
162	Sorton, James	do	do	1 do	December 14, 1878	November 15, 1879	Wales
163	Duffy, Charles	do	do	1 do	do	do	Pennsylvania.
164	Crawford, Charles	do	Assault to rape	1 do	December 21, 1878	January 21, 1879	New York.
165	Ah Krin	Wasco	Murder second deg.	Life	December 25, 1878		China.
166	Tharp, Abram	do	Larceny	5 years	do	March 13, 1879	Oregon.
167	Blaney, Peter	Linn	do	1 do	December 26, 1878		Switzerland.
168	Mercer, J. K.	Multnomah	Manslaughter	15 do	January 4, 1879		Ohio.
169	Sage, Patrick	do	Larceny	1 do	January 8, 1879	December 10, 1879	Ireland.
170	Trent, J. W.	do	do	1 do	do	October 3, 1879	Virginia.
171	Hackleson, John	do	do	1 do	January 9, 1879	December 9, 1879	Oregon.
172	Swards, Joseph	do	Murder second deg.	Life	January 17, 1879		Pennsylvania.
173	Harvey, Amos C	U. S. Dist. Court	Viola. sec. 2139, R. S.	1 year	January 18, 1879	December 30, 1879	Oregon.
174	Lynch, John	Multnomah	Larceny	2 do	do		Massachusetts.
175	Simmonds, James	do	Assault to kill	½ do	January 20, 1879	June 30, 1879	West Indies.
176	Jackson, Thomas	Clatsop	Larceny	2 do	February 4, 1879		Ireland.
177	Yackrino, Joe	do	do	2 do	do		Italy.
178	Ingram, Jacob	Multnomah	do	1 do	February 14, 1879	January 10, 1880	Louisiana.
179	McCreary, C. M.	do	do	6 do	February 19, 1879		Illinois.
180	Johnson, Andrew	do	do	1 do	February 21, 1879	January 14, 1880	Norway.
181	Lannigan, Michael	do	do	1 do	do	January 17, 1880	New York.

182	China Joe	Multnomah	Larceny	1 year	February 26, 1879	June 23, 1880	China.
183	Rath, Samuel	Jackson	Murder second deg	Life	do		Pennsylvania.
184	Shaffer, William	Marion	Larceny	3 years	March 1, 1879		Wisconsin.
185	Graydon, G	do	do	1 do	do	June 31, 1880	Indiana.
186	Wood, Benjamin	Multnomah	do	1 do	do	do	Canada.
187	Lee, J. H	do	do	1 do	do	do	New Hampshire.
188	Gin	Marion	do	1 do	March 3, 1879	February 2, 1880	China.
189	Downer, Robert	Multnomah	Burglary	5 do	March 4, 1879		Wisconsin.
190	Osborne, Henry	do	do	5 do	do		Massachusetts.
191	Campbell, Alex	do	Larceny	1 do	do	January 24, 1880	Scotland.
192	Carter, John M	Marion	Forgery	3 do	March 8, 1879		Iowa.
193	Burch, Thomas	Multnomah	Larceny	1 do	March 13, 1879	February 3, 1880	California.
194	Newcomb, J	Linn	Forgery	1 do	March 15, 1879	February 14, 1880	Illinois
195	Blanchard, A. C	do	Larceny	2 do	do	Escaped July 4, '80,	Illinois.
196	Lakin, Lewis	Multnomah	do	1 do	March 17, 1879	July 1, 1879	Oregon.
197	Riley, Edward	do	do	1 do	March 19, 1879	February 18, 1880	Ireland
198	Williams, John	Linn	Forgery	7 do	March 21, 1879		Scotland.
199	Sam	do	Larceny	3 do	March 22, 1879		China.
200	Tom	do	Rape	8 do	do	August 16, 1879	China.
201	Jacobs, Harry	Multnomah	Larceny	2 do	March 25, 1879	July 26, 1880	France.
202	Coe, Henry	do	do	1 do	do	February 25, 1880	Nav. Island.
203	Ah Poey	do	do	1 do	March 27, 1879	February 14, 1880	China.
204	Waters, Henry	do	Adultery	1 do	March 29, 1879	February 18, 1880	England.
205	George, William	Yamhill	Arson	5 do	April 3, 1879		Iowa.
206	McDonald, J H	Multnomah	Larceny	10 do	April 14, 1879		Virginia.
207	Bell, William	do	do	10 do	do	July 21, 1880	Canada.
208	Laughery, Samuel	U. S. Dist. Court	Sec 2159, R. S.	1 do	April 24, 1879	April 5, 1880	Ohio.
209	Crawford, William H	Lane	Burglary	5 do	April 25, 1879	April 24, 1880	Illinois.
210	George, John	Josephine	Larceny	1 do	May 3, 1879	March 25, 1880	California.
211	Jackson, Charles	Umatilla	do	2 do	May 7, 1879		Maine
212	Smith, William	do	do	2 do	do		Maryland.
213	McCurran, John	Clackamas	do	2 do	May 8, 1879		Oregon.
214	Brown, Charles	Douglas	do	3 do	May 19, 1879		New York.
215	Solander, William	Union	do	2 do	May 22, 1879		Illinois.
216	Wilson, Harvey	Polk	do	1 do	do	April 14, 1880	New York.
217	Schneider, Henry	Washington	Assault to kill	1 do	June 2, 1879	May 3, 1880	Germany.
218	Parsons, Martin	do	Larceny	3 do	do		Oregon.
219	Bullock, David	do	do	3 do	do		Iowa.
220	Thompson, Frank	Baker	do	2 do	June 6, 1879		Pennsylvania.
221	Lawrence, Frank	do	do	2 do	do		Maine.
222	Bandanza, P M	do	do	2 do	do		Switzerland.
223	White, R. B	Grant	do	1 do	June 17, 1879	April 20, 1880	Oregon.
224	Evans, William	Coos	do	1 do	June 18, 1879	May 10, 1880	Oregon.
225	Bradshaw, William	Marion	do	2 do	do		New York.
226	Bennett, George	do	do	5 do	do		Missouri.
227	Waters, William F	do	do	4 do	do		Virginia.
228	Dennis, Paul	do	do	1 do	do	May 16, 1880	France.
229	Baker, James	Multnomah	do	1 do	do	do	New York.
230	Gilligan James	Wasco	do	2 do	June 24, 1879		Ireland
231	Litzel, Charles	do	do	2 do	June 25, 1879	July 15, 1880	Pennsylvania.
232	Mann, Charles	Multnomah	do	2 do	do	May 27, 1880	Canada.

CONVICT RECORD—CONTINUED.

	NAME.	COUNTY	CRIME.	SENTENCE	RECEIVED.	DISCHARGED.	NATIVITY.
233	Ah Jack	Multnomah	Larceny	1 year	June 27, 1879	May 29, 1880	China.
234	Nolan, James	do	Assault to rob	10 do	July 1, 1879		Ireland
235	Hayes, Frank	Wasco	Larceny	1 do	do	May 27, 1880	Maine.
236	Ah Ty	Multnomah	do	1 do	July 3, 1879	May 25, 1880	China
237	Osborne, Charles	do	do	1 do	do	June 4, 1880	Michigan.
238	Bruen, J	do	do	1 do	July 7, 1879	June 5, 1880	New York
239	Williams, Robert	do	do	1 do	do	May 3, 1880	England.
240	Huntley, Harrison	Wasco	Manslaughter	10 do	July 10, 1879	August 21, 1879	Missouri.
241	Lane, R. L.	Multnomah	Forgery	3 do	July 14, 1879		Missouri.
242	Bumgardner, J. M	do	do	5 do	July 17, 1879		Pennsylvania.
243	Grant, Jackson	do	Murder second deg	Life	July 23, 1879	Died Sept. 17, 1879	California.
244	China Bob.	do	Larceny	1 year	July 25, 1879	June 14, 1880	China
245	Middleton, Joseph	do	do	1 do	July 26, 1879	June 28, 1880	Missouri.
246	Morse, David	do	do	1 do	July 28, 1879	June 29, 1880	England.
247	Le Quong, Charley	do	Murder second deg	Life	August 6, 1879		China
248	Smith, O. H.	U. S. Dist. Court	Counterfeiting	3 years	August 9, 1879		New York.
249	Duckar, Thos	Clatsop	Larceny	3 do	August 19, 1879		England.
250	Mansfield, Wm	do	do	1 do	do	July 29, 1880	Newfoundland.
251	Blard, Alphonso	do	do	1 do	do	do	France.
252	Ah Lot	do	do	5 do	do		China.
253	Johnson, John	do	do	2 do	do		Finland.
254	Manuel, Michael	do	do	5 do	do		Turkey.
255	Gill, James	do	do	5 do	do		Kentucky.
256	Sweeney, Michael	do	do	3 do	do		Pennsylvania.
257	King, James	Clackamas	Murder second deg	Life	October 4, 1879		Oregon.
258	Ross, William	do	Larceny	2 years	do		New York
259	Ah Sat.	Multnomah	do	1 do	October 25, 1879		China.
260	Ah Goom	do	do	1 do	October 23, 1879		China
261	Jenkins, F. P	do	do	2 do	October 25, 1879		Scotland.
262	Bryan, John	Marion	do	1 do	do		Ireland
263	Neil, Frank	do	do	1 do	do	Died Nov. 1, 1879	Canada
264	Prince, William	do	do	1 do	October 28, 1879		Germany
265	Long, George T	Douglas	Assault to kill	1 do	October 29, 1879	July 29, 1880	Missouri.
266	Karl, Fred.	Baker	Burglary	2 do	October 22, 1879		Germany.
267	Ah Chung	do	do	2 do	do		China
268	Lachat, C. B	Multnomah	Assault to kill	7 do	November 1, 1879		France
269	Snelling, Jack	do	do	2 do	do		California.
270	Con Pan	do	do	2 do	November 3, 1879		China.
271	Wilson, R E	Umatilla	Larceny	3 do	November 12, 1879		Missouri.
272	Campbell, John	do	do	3 do	do		New York.
273	Haly, William	Multnomah	do	1 do	November 14, 1879		Ireland.
274	Calburn, Charles	do	Burglary	3 do	do		New York.
275	Butler, B. F	Wasco	Larceny	2 do	November 18, 1879.		Missouri
276	Williams, H. J	Multnomah	do	1 do	do		England.

277	Edwards, Jack	Wasco	Larceny	3 years	November 19, 1879			Sandwich Islands.
278	Usher, Fred	Multnomah	do	3 do	do			Switzerland
279	Ah Quong	do	Burglary	5 do	do			China
280	Hogan, John	do	Larceny	3 do	do			Ireland
281	Wasco, Jim (Ind.)	Wasco	Assault to rob	5 do	November 20, 1879			Oregon.
282	Wasco, Charley	do	do	5 do	November 24, 1879			Oregon
283	Roberts, Lindsey	Benton	Incest	1 do	November 25, 1879			Oregon.
284	Hamilton, William	Wasco	Assault to kill	1½ do	November 26, 1879			Jamaica.
285	Mou Sing	Multnomah	Larceny	1 do	do			China.
286	Bunaugh, H A	do	Rape	1 do	November 29, 1879			Missouri.
287	Peck, J. A	Lane	Forgery	2 do	December 2, 1879			Oregon
288	Bennett, R	Clackamas	Burglary	5 do	December 5, 1879			Georgia.
289	Cornelius, Wm	Polk	Robbery	15 do	December 11, 1879			Oregon.
290	Lawrence, Wm	do	do	15 do	do			Nebraska.
291	Latham, John	Wasco	Larceny	2 do	December 22, 1879			Scotland.
292	McCormack, James	Douglas	do	6 do	do	May 8, 1880		Canada.
293	Shaffer, J. W	do	do	6 do	do			Oregon.
294	McCobb, A	do	do	3 do	do			Maine.
295	Friend, Marion	Wasco	do	2 do	Jan. 7, 1880			Missouri
296	Weston, J. H	Clatsop	do	2 do	February 10, 1880			Nova Scotia
297	Dale, J. J	do	Burglary	3 do	do			New York.
298	Carroll, Charles	do	do	3 do	do			Pennsylvania
299	Dale, H. C	Yamhill	Larceny	5 do	do			Missouri
300	Hines, W. A	Multnomah	do	1 do	February 19, 1880	Esc July 18, 1880		Massachusetts.
301	Williams, Jack	do	Assault to rob	8 do	February 23, 1880			Scotland.
302	Hallery, O	Marion	Larceny	1 do	March 6, 1880			England.
303	Ross, Charles	do	Assault to kill	3 do	do			Massachusetts.
304	Hum	Multnomah	Larceny	3 do	March 9, 1880			China.
305	Chung Sing	do	do	3 do	do			China.
306	Hallerton, Frank	do	Burglary	3 do	March 11, 1880			Virginia.
307	Moody, George A	do	do	10 do	March 13, 1880			New York.
308	Sum Ying	do	Larceny	2 do	March 15, 1880			China
309	Morrison, Thomas	do	do	2 do	April 5, 1880			Maryland.
310	Sargent, Charles	Lane	Burglary	5 do	April 21, 1880			Washington Ter.
311	Dixon, James	Umatilla	Larceny	1 do	May 5, 1880			New Brunswick
312	Bice, Albert	do	do	2 do	do			California.
313	Walla, Po	do	do	2 do	do			Washington Ter.
314	Kalatume	do	do	2 do	do			Washington Ter.
315	Yo-Mum-Tack	do	do	2 do	do			Washington Ter.
316	Douglas, Frank	Union	do	1 do	May 18, 1880			New York.
317	McCormack, James	Douglas	do	4 do	May 20, 1880			Canada.
318	Fishburn, John	Coos	Burglary	8 do	June 2, 1880			Iowa.
319	Collins, Geo	Clackamas	Murder second deg	Life	June 10, 1880			Wisconsin.
320	Salaschin, Paul	Baker	Larceny	2 years	June 12, 1880			Germany.
321	Flemingo, George	do	do	2 do	do			New York.
322	Piercy, Charles	Marion	do	3 do	June 19, 1880			Idaho Territory.
323	Cook, George	do	do	3 do	do			Oregon
324	Cook, Frank	do	do	3 do	do			Oregon.
325	Whitley, John	Multnomah	do	1 do	June 23, 1880			Ireland
326	Darby, J W	Grant	Murder second deg	Life	June 25, 1880			Maryland.
327	Beauchamp, J. G	do	do	10 years	do			Oregon.

CONVICT RECORD—CONTINUED.

	NAME.	COUNTY.	CRIME.	SENTENCE	RECEIVED.	DISCHARGED.	NATIVITY.
328	Moran, Daniel	Multnomah	Larceny	1 year	July 9, 1880		Ireland.
329	Haberly, Edward	do	Malicious injury	6 months	July 13, 1880		Germany
330	Barnard, Frank	Wasco	Larceny	3 years	July 15, 1880		Massachusetts
331	Seaman, Delmar	Multnomah	do	9 do	July 16, 1880		Louisiana.
332	Cole, Edward	Marion	do	2 do	July 26, 1880		Canada.
333	Jim Pang	Multnomah	Manslaughter	3 do	July 29, 1880		China.
334	Riley, John	do	Assault to rob	5 do	February 23, 1877		New York.

NUMBER OF CONVICTS IN THE OREGON PENITENTIARY WHO CANNOT READ AND WRITE.

Cannot Read—Three Whites, five Chinese, five Indians.
Cannot Write—Four Whites, six Chinese, five Indians.

THE COST OF MAINTAINING OTHER PRISONS.

The total cost of maintaining the California penitentiary for the two years ending June 30, 1879, was $391,980.94.
Average number of prisoners, 1,475.
Cost per week each, $2 54 4-5.

The whole expense of sustaining the Michigan penitentiary for the year ending September 30, 1879, was $84,095 81.
Average number of prisoners, 792.
Cost per week each, $2 04.